

That Sermon.

Sunday, May 7th, 1865, must have been an eventful day in the experience of the Dead Sea Telegraph. We were informed some days since, that the assembled wisdom of the establishment was laboring with the mortal throes of a great effort, but, from what has previously issued from the same source, we cannot confess to having entertained very extravagant anticipations of the result. We were deceived and hasten to atone for our error in acknowledging perfect astonishment at the homily we see before us. It's good, somewhat lengthy to be sure, but for an essay on morality it will repay perusal. Strike out all that about having "left a vicious and rotten society for the purpose, etc.," and the production *per se* meets our entire approval. We know, indeed, little about the kind of society, which the writer, speaking for the entire community, says they have left, but judging from their way of "establishing true principles of purity and virtue among these mountain tops," we guess it must have been "rotten" enough.

We repeat our astonishment that such sentiments as these, should be entertained by any person in connection, or sympathy with polygamy. It was not our belief that such good "could come out of Nazareth" and it is only to be accounted for on the supposition that some dim recollection of early teachings, have been painfully recalled from the distant past and written down as one might repeat a verse, or recitation learned in school-boy days. It is not impossible that the writer may have succeeded in digging down through the debris of error, that years of persistent folly have accumulated in his mind and so discovered the living principles of truth buried long ago.

It is sufficiently indefinite to admit of such a supposition, certainly. Its application here, as pertinent to any surrounding circumstances, is not perceived. Perhaps however, its great beauty is intended to consist in its universal application. If so, it is an eminent success, for it wisely omits any home allusions and ascends into those serene altitudes where all men essays, that have no earthly significance to anchor them, float forever in an atmosphere, ethereal as themselves.

But while, in itself, few objections can be found to this immortal production—immortal because the same sentiments have been reproduced since. Lord knows when, and never found a dissenter—we do seriously object to the source whence it emanates. That these *soi-disant* Saints are the immaculate beings they claim to be is not admitted. For men, who glory in the shame of bringing the sanctity of marriage into disrespect; who trample upon the most sacred affection of the female heart, with as little compunction as they tread upon a worm, making the condition of woman one of life-long misery and degradation; who outrage every sense of decency by bringing into their homes, into the bosoms of their families, into the presence of their sons and daughters, strange women to fill the place of honor there, that belongs only to a mother and a wife; who, without remorse see the canker worm of care feed upon the cheek and the slow torture of neglect, wringing the heart-strings of her to whom reality was sworn while life should last, is it not impudent hypocrisy in absolute perfection, that such wretches should undertake to read us homilies on virtue and morality?

Thousands of broken female hearts cry ceaselessly to Heaven against their iniquity, and sooner or later, in one way or another, justice will have to be appeased. Meanwhile, we respectfully request a cessation of hostilities between Satan and Sin.

ASSASSINATION OF CAPTAIN SOULE.
A most horrid and dastardly assassination has been committed in Denver City. Col. Capt. Soule, an officer in the U. S. Service, has been cowardly murdered, by an assassin; supposed to be a soldier, named Squires. We blush to be made believe, that there is a man, wearing the uniform of a U. S. Soldier, who could in cold blood commit such an act.

We insert the following from the Denver News:

DENVER, Monday, 2 P. M.—Scouts have been sent out all over the country after Squires, of the 2nd Colorado Cavalry who killed Capt. Soule, also, every house in town is being searched. Capt. Soule was killed instantly, at half past ten last night, near the Presbyterian Church, by one Squires, who lay in wait. The cause is said to be an old grudge for putting Squires in the guard house. Capt. Soule's funeral will take place on Wednesday the 26th. Squires got shot in the hand, which bled profusely to camp on Curtis Street. He acknowledged killing a man down town, and with his accomplice, one Morrow, of the 2nd ran off to the South part of the town site. Much excitement and great indignation is felt by citizens and military commanders, who will treat him summarily as soon as captured. Squires and accomplice were in wait for General Henry also, to shoot him if seen last night; reaction has taken place in discipline, and all soldiers will be held with tightened reins hereafter.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY VEDETTE.]

New York, May 6th

The Herald's Richmond dispatch shows a terrible state of impoverishment, which the people of Virginia have been reduced by the rule of rebel military. Thousands of the inhabitants of Richmond, Petersburg, and the surrounding country, are preserved from starvation by the supplies of food which the United States Commissaries have furnished them. Strong desires are expressed for the removal by the Government of all restrictions on trade, not contraband of war, so that facilities may be afforded for the resuscitation of industry. Both in the towns and rural districts, at present, the farmers are generally without implements and seeds necessary to do the planting, and unless these can be speedily procured, there will be no crops in the State this season.

It is understood that the army of the James, commanded by Gen. Ord, consisting of the 24th and 25th corps, will remain in Virginia for the present. It is said the 25th corps, consisting of colored troops, will go into camp at City Point. A portion of the army of the Potomac was expected to pass through Richmond on Thursday, or yesterday, on the way to Washington.

The principal citizens and local officers at Richmond are rapidly coming forward to the Provost Marshal's office and taking the oath of allegiance. Among others who have subscribed to it, is Mayor Mayo, Judge Lyon, Littleton and Tazwell, prosecuting Attorney.

New York, May 5th.

The Richmond Whig of the 4th says, that Robert Ould, late Confederate Commissioner of exchange; W. H. Hatch, his assistant, and several other attaches of the Bureau have been arrested, on orders from Washington, upon charges in connection with the administration of affairs, devolving upon them.

Gen. Meade has arrived at Richmond. The army of the Potomac, reached Manchester, on the night of the 3d, from the City, en route to Washington. The heavy equipments and paraphernalia, got round by water.

New York, May, 6th.

Charleston dispatches of the 1st, say that General Porter's force has returned from the expedition into the interior of South Carolina, having destroyed an immense amount of rebel property.

Guerrillas have again become troublesome in the southern part of the state.

The secessionists in Charleston were wild with joy, on learning of the assassination of President Lincoln, and it is said that the women were actually so profanely sacrilegious, as to fall on their faces and express thanks to God, for the enormous crime. The sudden arrest of ex-Governor Aiken appeared to bring them to their senses; they immediately became more discreet. In the conduct of Mr. Aiken's arrest and the expulsion of the Continuation Epi-copal Clergyman, Mr. Marshall, who refused to substitute prayer for the President of the U. S. for that which he had been offering for Jeff. Davis, caused much excitement amongst the Charlestonians. They insist that Governor Aiken has never been anything but a Union man.

New Orleans, April 29th.

Two hundred and sixty seven Rebel officers, ranking from Colonels to Lieutenants, captured at Mobile, arrived here to day. The country on the east side of the river, from Tunica Landing to Bayou Sara, is completely inundated for 35 miles; causing great suffering and many of the inhabitants are starving. Morganza was abandoned in consequence of the flood and the levee is giving away daily. Fears are entertained of a more destructive overflow than has ever before occurred.

The Mobile News of the 27th learns that the rebel rams Nashville and Morgan, and five rebel steamers are at Demopolis. There are no troops, except Maberry's guerrillas, between Mobile and Demopolis. The demoralization in the rebel army and navy in that region is very great.

New York, May 6th.

The Erie railroad car manufactory at Jersey City, was destroyed by fire this morning; loss, \$135,000, supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

The gunboat Florida, arrived to-day from New Orleans, bringing the pirate Reed and other officers, of the ram Webb.

Montreal, May 6th.

Beverly Tucker and Geo. N. Saunders have suddenly disappeared. It is reported that they have gone in the direction of Halifax.

New York, May 6th.

The Commercial's special says: The Mexican Legation is circulating printed pamphlets containing terms of emigration and land bounties, given to those who go there.

The Tribune's special says: All attempts to disparage the weight of testimony in possession of the Government implicating the leading spirits of the rebellion in the assassination plot, will prove futile. When Secretary Stanton, several days since, announced the plot to have been discovered to stretch from Richmond to Canada, he spoke from record. Judge Holt has since received a great mass of evidence, and knows it to be of crushing weight.

All but four of the forts about Washington are to be immediately dismantled and their garrisons withdrawn and disbanded. Everything appertaining to this expensive branch of defensive warfare is to be put upon a general retrenchment path.

Governor Pierpont is arranging the preliminaries prior to going to Richmond, to assume control of the State. He has been assured by President Johnson that he has recognized him as the legal Governor of Virginia, and will sustain him.

New York, 5th.

The steamer Costa Rica, from Aspinwall, brings \$600,000 in gold, from San Francisco.

The brig Silver Cloud, from the Cape of Good Hope, brings the crew of the ship Edward, of New Bedford, captured by the Sh-nandoah.

The Panama Railroad Company secured a new contract with Columbia, which only needs the sanction of Congress to become a law. It secures perpetual ownership of the road, and no other road is to be built within 150,000 metres on either side. The company pays half a million of dollars, and insures to the Government eighteen thousand shares, at one hundred dollars each. The company is to transport Government mails, troops, armaments, etc., gratis; charge ten per cent less for the transportation of the produce of the Republic than those of other countries; in return for which they are to pay no taxes for necessary lands, etc., which are conceded to the French. The company have secured the exclusive privilege to construct a canal across the Isthmus.

There are prospects of a rupture between Chili and Spain, growing out of claims by the latter, for the treatment of her fleet on the way to Peru. The reported capitulation of Montevideo to the Brazilian forces is confirmed. Flores has assumed supreme power in Uruguay, under the protectorate of Brazil, thus terminating the war.

The new revolution in Bolivia is headed by Gen. Bilzia, who is proclaimed President. Milgarze and Immy marched on Laproz, and, after a desperate struggle, took possession of the town. Belzia was shot. Peace is restored along the whole southern portion of Peru. In the state revolution amongst the government there is but little hope that the President will be able to maintain his position.

The U. S. gunboat Wateree left Aspinwall on the 18th. The U. S. steamer State of Georgia, arrived on the 16th.

New York, May 6th.

A Savannah letter of the 29th says: Gen. Wilson's expedition arrived yesterday from Macon. The following is a condensed history of the trip. He left Chickasaw on the 22d of March; the first engagement with Forrest was at a place called Ebenezer Church, near Plantersville, Ala. He fought and routed him, and his forces were driven West of Catawba, and captured 300 prisoners. Three guns were captured; a column was then sent out, which captured and destroyed a large amount of Confederate property. Selma, 240 miles from the Base, was captured on April 2d with 12 guns in position, 25 arsenals, 3 rolling Mills with fixtures, a very large naval foundry and arsenal second in importance in the Confederacy, with powder works and magazines and a large number of cars were destroyed. He remained in Selma 8 days, bridged the Alabama 850 feet, the operation occupying 5 days.

Montgomery 50 miles distant, was the next place attacked; but it surrendered without assault. We destroyed two rolling mills and foundry's, 2 magazines and 63 cars; nitre works and 5 steamboats all on the Alabama and Tennessee rivers. The rebels burned 85,000 bales of cotton before the evacuation.

Columbus, Ga., 85 miles distant, was taken by assault, after dark on the 16th. We here captured 1,200 prisoners, 53 guns, 100,000 bales of cotton, immense quantities of ordnance, Commissary and Quarter-masters stores, and destroyed 7 large cotton factories, arsenals, accoutrements, and pistol factory, naval foundry, 13 locomotives, 100 cars, depot and machine shops, 1 gunboat, mounting 6 guns.

Detour to West Point, which was carried by storm and a garrison of 350 men and 4 guns captured. The rebel Gen. Tyler was killed. We destroyed 15 locomotives, 20 cars, 2 bridges and 2 large factories; also a large quantity of Quarter-masters stores at Griffin; and all the bridges on the Selma and Montgomery road. Macon was taken without opposition; here Gen's Howell Cobb, Gustavus Smith, Robeson Mercer and McCall were captured. In the assault on Selma, the second division

charged over the works in splendid style, carrying everything before them; the enemy's forces were from 6 to 7 thousand and strong, mostly militia. Our assaulting force was only 1,250; our loss 250, the enemy officially state their loss to be between 4 and 500. Our whole loss in all the expedition was only 350. A total of 480 miles was marched in 20 days.

New York, May 4th.

The Commercial's special says: Jeff Davis and several leading rebels will be included in the bill of indictment before the court for trial of the murderers now in custody, and to be captured.

The Post's special says: Marylanders charged with harboring Booth and aiding his escape, have been arrested and lodged in prison.

The charges against Governor Aiken were preferred by the military authorities in Charleston.

Washington, May 4th.

By order of the Secretary of War the War Department and all its Bureaus were closed at 12 o'clock, and will continue so throughout the remainder of the day, in respect to the memory of President Lincoln. Minute guns will be fired every half hour at the arsenal, closing at sundown with the national salute.

New York, May 5th.

The Tribune's special says: Governor Aiken was closeted yesterday morning with President Johnson, and had a long interview with Stanton. He has the freedom of the city, and enjoys the society of the members of his family who came with him. It is understood that he is in aid of the Government, rather than to receive any punishment.

New York, May 5th.

The Herald's special says: It is understood that there has been a formal demand made on the Canadian government for the surrender of such assassins and conspirators as may be within its jurisdiction.

The Washington Republican says: Statements detailing the mysterious manner of finally disposing of Booth's body are untrue, and says, Col. Baker and brother are the only two persons living who know what disposition was made of it. They are under oath to reveal the place to no human being.

Toronto, 4th.

Beverly Tucker and W. C. Clary, for whom rewards were offered by President Johnson, have published letters denying in positive terms any knowledge whatever of the conspiracy for the capturing or assassinating of the late President Lincoln.

Montreal, 5th.

Saunders and Tucker are out with another manifesto, addressed to Andrew Johnson, in which they accuse him of the hellish plot to murder their Christian President, and they agree to go to Rausers Point or some other place, to be tried on the charge made in the President's recent proclamation, if the United States Government will pay for their defence and guarantee them safety.

New York, 5th.

A Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press says: The commission of Harrold and the documentary evidence found on Booth's body, fastens beyond cavil the plot and its full sanction upon Jeff. Davis and his Canada commissioners.

Mexican recruiting agents advertise openly in to-day's Washington Chronicle, for discharged officers and men, to emigrate to Mexico.

The Post's special says: Sherman's headquarters will be established at Alexandria, Va., and his troops will be camped on that side of the Potomac.

Gen. Angur now permits a free supply of provisions to go into that state, at points opposite Washington.

Local Matters.

We observed some nice fresh, delicious oranges for sale in the city on Saturday last.

California luxuries are finding their way to this market. It's queer that delicacies imported from a Gentile port are permitted to enter Utah. Oh! we Gentiles and soldiers are horrible cusses; so Brigham declares.

THE weather in Utah, at present, is delightful, warm and pleasant, with "breezes" somewhat strong, and an occasional cloud of dust, just sufficient to remind one that face and hands need washing and clothes brushed.

WHISKY selling in S. L. City is pronounced a nuisance by Brigham. How is it that conscience permits him to sell at his own bar in the Salt Lake House, just as much as anybody wants to pay for? Queer justice this, aint it?

JOEL STEENBOCK & Co. have an extensive manufactory and salesrooms in New York and St. Louis. A large assortment of Gents Furnishing Goods. Drawers, Shirts, etc., on hand. See advertisement.

It is announced by telegraph that Head Quarters District of the Plains will be, until further orders, established at Julesburg instead of Denver.

Does anybody know where Briggs is? His friends are anxious to hear from him. See advertisement.

LEAVE your Eastern orders at T. B. Brown & Son.

INDIAN ITEM.—Contradictory to vague rumors afloat to-day respecting Indian fighting down the road, we publish the following dispatch received at Gen. Connor's headquarters this afternoon, giving the following special and exact fact of the whole matter:

Fort Kearney, April 27.
The following dispatch is just received: Alkali, April 25th.—To Lieut. F. A. McDonald, A. A. General: Sir—I have the honor to report that on the night of the 23d inst. the Indians ran off 170 head of cattle on the North Platte, belonging to a train owned by Mr. Ward, sutler at Fort Laramie. I followed them into the sand-hills thirty-miles, and captured the cattle and one pony. I ran them so close that they abandoned all their plunder, which I burned. Our horses were so jaded that we had to give up the pursuit farther, and returned at 12 m.

F. B. MURPHY,
Capt. 7th Iowa Cav.,
Comd'g Post.

It is supposed these Indians were Little Thunder's Band. They numbered fifty, and fled north of his camp, which is said to be on Pine Creek, emptying into Niobrara River.

(Signed) COL. LIVINGSTON,
Commanding.

—Denver News.

Notice.

ANY one knowing anything of the whereabouts of James Warren Briggs is requested to write to either of his Brothers William or Jonathan Briggs Central City, Colorado. He is known to have been in Salt Lake Valley in 1862.

JUL. STEENBOCK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS
of
**White & Flannel Shirt's,
DRAWERS,
UNDERSHIRTS & C.**

IMPORTERS
OF
Gent's Furnishing Goods
NO. 14 MURRAY STREET.
17 PARK PLACE NEW YORK
and
NO. 61 NORTH MAIN STREET.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS, GREAT DECLINE in all Classes of Goods.

We invite the attention of our friends and patrons, to our large and well selected Stock of

MERCHANDISE.

Consisting of all descriptions of DOMESTIC DRY and DRESS GOODS, at less prices than any
House in Town.

We defy Competition, all our large Stock on hand must be closed out immediately at a great sacrifice to make room for our Spring Stock from the East and West

We call special attention of

Country Dealers and Families laying in their Supplies and guarantee to give them satisfaction in
Every Article.

WALKER BRO'S.

my8-tf

PRICE OF GOLD.

COM—1.35.
DUST—Virginia \$22.00; Boise \$18.

Salt Lake City Prices' Current.

[Corrected Daily by GILBERT & SONS.]

SALT LAKE CITY, May 9, 1865.

DRY GOODS—	
Prints, per yard.....	25 @ 30
Ginghams " ".....	50 @ 60
Checks " ".....	65 @ 75
Stripes " ".....	65 @ 75
Tickings " ".....	75 @ 85
Bro. Drills " ".....	75 @ ..
" Sheetings " ".....	75 @ ..
Osnaburg " ".....	1.00 @ ..
Rich'd Cotton, per yrd.....	60 @ 80
Denims " ".....	80 @ 75
Flannels " ".....	75 @ 1.00
Spool Cotton, per doz.....	2.90 @ ..

GROCERIES—	
Coffee, per lb.....	1.15 @ ..
Sugar, " ".....	85 @ ..
Candles, " ".....	90 @ ..
Gun Powder, " ".....	2.00 @ ..
Tobacco, " ".....	2.00 @ 4.00
Tea, " ".....	5.00 @ 6.00
Bacon, State, " ".....	80 @ ..
" Valley, " ".....	60 @ ..
Nails, " ".....	40 @ 60
Coal Oil, " gall.....	10.00 @ ..
Linseed, " ".....	12.00 @ ..
Turpentine, " ".....	15.00 @ ..
Palm Soap, per lb.....	50 @ ..
Castile, " ".....	1.25 @ ..
Pepper, " ".....	1.00 @ ..
Allspice, per gall.....	15.00 @ ..
Whisky, brandy, " ".....	20.00 @ ..
Glass 8x10, per box.....	33.00 @ ..
" 10x12 " ".....	35.00 @ ..
" 10x14 " ".....	37.00 @ ..
" 12x16 " ".....	40.00 @ ..

LEATHER—	
Sole, per lb.....	1.00 @ ..
Harness, " ".....	1.25 @ ..
Bridle, per doz.....	125.00 @ ..
PKip, " ".....	175.00 @ ..
White Lead, per keg.....	15.00 @ ..

PRODUCE—	
Flour, per 100 lbs.....	10.00 @ ..
Indian Meal, " ".....	8.00 @ ..
Wheat, per bush.....	4.00 @ ..
Barley, " ".....	4.00 @ ..
Oats, " ".....	3.50 @ ..
Eggs, per doz.....	50 @ 75
Butter, per lb.....	1.25 @ ..
Cheese, " ".....	75 @ 60
Hay, per ton.....	40.00 @ ..
Straw, " ".....	25.00 @ ..
Wood, per cord.....	25.00 @ ..
Coal, per ton.....	40.00 @ ..
Molasses, per gall.....	3.50 @ 4.00
Potatoes, per bush.....	2.50 @ ..
Onions, " ".....	6.00 @ ..
Dried Peaches, per lb.....	75 @ ..
Apples, " ".....	75 @ ..

PROVISIONS—	
Beef, fresh, " ".....	15 @ 25
" corned, " ".....	15 @ 16
" dried, " ".....	50 @ 60
Pork, fresh, " ".....	50 @ 60
" pickled, " ".....	50 @ 60
Pigs feet, per lb.....	30 @ 40
Hams, Valley, " ".....	1.00 @ 25
Mutton, " ".....	15 @ 25
Veal, " ".....	20 @ 25
Sausage, bologna, " ".....	1.00 @ 60
" fresh, " ".....	50 @ 60
Pork head cheese, " ".....	50 @ 60
Liver pudding, " ".....	50 @ 60

CASH PAID FOR GOVERNMENT VOUCHERS

—BY—
**MORRIS & BERGER,
CITY MARKET.**

my8-lw

NOTICE.
I will give \$35 per Ton for HAULING Coal from East Weber to Camp Douglas.
G. W. CARLSON.

JEWELRY JEWELRY!

OF

Every Description,

California Quartz Goods,

A fine Assortment of

WATCHES AND CHAINS,

BOTH

Gold and Silver

Just arrived from San Francisco and now open by

JOHN MEERS.

At the NEW YORK STORE, mar13-tf.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any

amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.

Apply at my office, one door south of Godde's Drug Store.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864.

Jan10-tf

A Remarkable Fine Collection of Music for the Piano-forte, 1,000 Pieces for \$12.50.

The following Books are of uniform size and style and form the best collection of Choice Music, for the Piano-forte ever Published. The HOME CIRCLE, a collection of MARCHES, WALTZES, POLKAS, SCHOTTISCHES, REDOWAS, QUADRILLES, CONTRA DANCES, FOUR-HAND PIECES and PIANO GEMS, 2 Vols. The SHOWER OF PEARLS, a collection of choice Vocal Duets with Piano Accompaniments. The SILVER ORD, a collection of Songs, Ballads, Quartettes, Duets, &c., &c. with Piano Accompaniments. Operatic Pearls. A coll. of the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas, with Piano Accompaniments. All of the above sent, post paid for \$12.50, or singly at the following prices:—Plain, \$2.50, Cloth, \$3.00, full gilt \$4.00.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
277 Washington St., Boston.

Notice.

BANNISTER & SMITH—Shaving and Hair cutting—are ready at all times to serve their Customers.

They are in daily receipt of Eastern, California, Nevada and Territorial Newspapers.

Come one, Come all,
my8-tf Camp Douglas, May 8th, 1865.

W. Hennefer,

WOULD respectfully announce to his numerous Patrons, that he has re-opened the Hair Cutting and Shaving Saloon, on Main St. Great Salt Lake City, opposite the "New York Store," where he will be happy to renew his acquaintance with his former customers.
Great Salt Lake City, April 10th, 1865.
apl1-tf

DR. MINER'S WIZARD OIL

FOR Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous and Sick Headache, Sore Throat and Diphtheria, Sprains, Lamé Back, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Spinal Affections, Contracted Cords and Muscles.

For sale at HELLER & SNYDER'S Auction Rooms.
my2-tf

GOING! GOING!! GONE!!!

T. D. BROWN has started

FOR THE EAST.

Money and Orders,

Powers of Attorney, and

Mining Certificates

may still be forwarded to him for

a few weeks.

Call at

T. D. Brown & Son's.

my10

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the
ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

**Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,
for the West
EVERY DAY,**

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUNFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. apl1-tf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NEBRASKA CITY.

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via Boise City, West Bannack.

Time to Denver,..... 5 days.
Time to Atchison & Nebraska City, 12

apl8-tf **JO. S. ROBERSON, Agent.**

Gen. Connor has abolished the nuisance, called a Provost Guard, which has afflicted Denver for two or three years. A guard is mounted regularly, at the jail, to attend to purely military business, the officer of the day is supposed to wear his uniform and attend to business, and the guard to wear their side arms as per Regulations. The military companies have been transferred from West to East Denver where they have pitched camp on the high land above town. These new arrangements give general satisfaction. —Black Hawk Journal.

WHIPPED AND DEMORALIZED BUT NOT SCATTERED.—A soldier of Bate's division, after the command had run two days from Nashville, had thrown away his gun and accoutrements, and alone in the woods, sat down and commenced thinking—the first chance he had for such a thing. Rolling up his sleeves and looking at his legs and general physique, he thus gave vent to his "pheelinks": "I am whipped, badly whipped, and somewhat demoralized; but no man can say I am scattered."—Augusta, Ga. Sentinel

DEFEATED.—Clarence J. Prentice, son of the editor of the Louisville Journal, and an especially virulent rebel, lately undertook to capture Tazewell, Tennessee. He had one hundred and fifty men; the place was held by fifty men under Lieutenant Jennings. Prentice demanded surrender; Jennings declined; a fight ensued, and Prentice was whipped most decidedly. Instead of taking the place, the rebel leader was compelled to send a flag of truce for permission to bury his dead.

NOBLE COMPLIMENT—"You have lost your right arm," said George III. to Lord Nelson at his first interview after the affair at Tene-riffe.

"But not my right hand," replied his Lordship, "as I have the honor of presenting Captain Nesbet to your Majesty."

A HAPPY TURN.—"For what do you wink at me, sir?" said a beautiful young lady, angrily, to a stranger, at a party.

"I beg pardon, madam," replied the wit, "I winked as men do at the sun—your splendor dazzled my eyes."

A wife in Ohio lately gave birth to four children, and the astonished husband immediately deserted her and fled from the State. Now the question is: Was the fault partially his or altogether hers?

"Close up, boys, close up!" said the Captain; "if the enemy should fire on you when you're straggling along that a-way, he couldn't hit a darned one of ye!"

Some one remarked to Mrs. Siddons that applause was necessary to actors, as it gave them confidence. "More," replied the actress; "it gives breath."

THE South is not "a howling wilderness," but there's a good deal more howling there than there was when it was a wilderness.

If a pair of oxen lean up against each other in walking, it is a sign they are not well mated. When lovers do so, it is a sign they want to be.

SECOND TO NONE IN THIS TERRITORY, Immense Reduction in Prices. Closing out of Stock.

CALL AT
BODENBURG & KAHN'S

East Temple street a few Doors below the Telegraph Office.
Having an immense, large and well selected Stock of General Merchandise on hand and expecting in addition two large trains from California and the East with a general Assortment of Spring DRESS GOODS, STAPLE DRY GOODS, and various other Articles necessary for Utah trade, we have made a

Great Reduction in Prices

To close our present Stock and make room for more. We are now offering to the Public the
Best, Largest and Cheapest Stock of Merchandise
unequalled in Quality and Price by any other Mercantile House in this Territory.

SELLING AT COST

We would direct particular attention to our large Stock of *BOOTS and SHOES*, which we are now selling at cost, wishing to go out of that branch of business and offering them wholesale and retail at a great sacrifice. Our Stock of *DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, and CLOTHING*, is complete, and of a Quality and Prices which need no recommendation. We also have on hand *Cooking Stoves, Carpenters Tools, Farming Implements, Stationery, Tobacco, Segars Yankee Notions, etc.* And a variety of other Goods to numerous to mention. We invite one and all.

dec15-tf

BODENBURG & KAHN.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Gold is Down!

GREAT PANIC IN DRY GOODS!

GILBERT & SONS

a head of all Competition.

The recent great decline in Gold having caused a corresponding decline in dry goods, groceries and all other articles, and being very anxious to close out, to make room for our new Stock, which we expect in a few weeks, we can offer to our

Customers

Unusual advantages, we can sell goods at a profit at

LOWER PRICES

Than any other HOUSE in the City.

Those who wish to have a large margin will buy of
mar31-tf

GILBERT & SONS,

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GOODS.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Take pleasure in returning thanks to their patrons for the very liberal encouragement they have received at their

NEW STORE, EAST TEMPLE STREET.

And avail themselves of the earliest opportunity of announcing that one of the Firm having purchased largely in the Eastern Markets, and upon advantageous terms, they are now enabled to offer a

Reduction of twenty-five per cent less than any House IN TOWN.

Finest styles of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, ever offered in this Market.
Our Stock is extensive, and embraces, beside the whole range of

Staple Goods

Every minor article enumerated in the catalogue of the **Best Mercantile Houses in the West.**
The Finest Gunpowder, Imperial and Young Hyson TEAS.

Our old establishment, just below the Overland Stage Office, has now a complete Stock of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS WINTER AND SUMMER CLOTHING,

Of the most superb and most substantial Quality. The highest Price paid for
FLOUR, WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, CORNMEAL, BUTTER and EGGS.

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DAILY UNION VEDETTE
Book, Card and Job

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CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TER.

THE PIONEER

DAILY NEWSPAPER

Printing Office,

—OF—

UTAH TERRITORY.

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Having lately received a large and complete

Assortment of Job Type,

—AND—

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We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY

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PRINTING

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

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LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

ETC. ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style, and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction to every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette," Printing office, Camp Douglas.